number, there shall be printed 1,000 copies of the document for the use of the House of Representatives, of which 500 copies shall be casebound, and 1,000 copies of the document for the use of the Senate, of which 500 copies shall be casebound.

Agreed to June 16, 1989.

## INAUGURAL ADDRESSES OF THE PRESIDENTS OF THE UNITED STATES—SENATE PRINT

June 19, 1989 [S. Con. Res. 19]

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring), That there shall be printed as a Senate document, with appropriate illustrations, a collection of the inaugural addresses of the Presidents of the United States, from George Washington, 1789, to George Bush, 1989, compiled by the Congressional Research Service of the Library of Congress. In addition to the usual number, there shall be printed 16,000 copies of the document which shall be made available for a period of 60 days, as follows: 5,000 copies for the use of individual Senators, pro rata, and 11,000 copies for the use of individual Members of the House of Representatives, pro rata. If, at the end of that period, any of the additional number of copies are not so used, such copies shall be transferred to the document room of the Senate or the House of Representatives, as appropriate.

Agreed to June 19, 1989.

## MISSISSIPPI—CHANEY, GOODMAN, AND SCHWERNER DAY

June 20, 1989 [S. Con. Res. 40]

Whereas on June 21, 1964, James Chaney, Andrew Goodman, and Michael Schwerner gave their lives at a young age in an effort to guarantee the rights that are the birthright of every citizen of the United States, particularly the right to vote;

Whereas James Chaney, Andrew Goodman, and Michael Schwerner were part of a movement that helped to achieve the passage of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the Voting Rights Act of 1965, and other milestones in the progress of this Nation toward achieving the goal of ensuring equal rights, equal opportunities, and equal justice for all;

Whereas during the quarter century after the deaths of James Chaney, Andrew Goodman, and Michael Schwerner this Nation has benefitted tremendously from the removal of many barriers to full participation by every citizen of this Nation in political, educational, and economic life:

Whereas the lives and resultant deaths of James Chaney, Andrew Goodman, and Michael Schwerner have come to symbolize the dream of brotherhood and sisterhood among citizens of this Nation from all races, religions, and ethnic backgrounds;

Whereas the memory of the struggle of James Chaney, Andrew Goodman, and Michael Schwerner and the sacrifice of such men will encourage all citizens of this Nation, in particular young citizens, to be rededicated to the ideals of justice, equality, citizenship, and community;

Whereas the State of Mississippi and the City of Philadelphia, Mississippi, are joining with citizens from throughout this Nation to commemorate the contributions that James Chaney, Andrew Goodman, and Michael Schwerner made to this Nation; and

Whereas the lifework of James Chaney, Andrew Goodman, and Michael Schwerner remains unfinished until all barriers are removed that bar the full participation of every citizen of this Nation in the democratic process of this Nation, especially in the electoral process: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring),
That—

(1) June 21, 1989, is designated as Chaney, Goodman, and Schwerner Day,

(2) it is the sense of the Congress that the Voting Rights Act of 1965 has helped to fulfill the promise of democracy in this Nation, and

(3) the Congress reaffirms the goal of removing remaining barriers to full voter participation in this Nation.

Agreed to June 20, 1989.

June 23, 1989 [S. Con. Res. 50]

## ADJOURNMENT—SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring), That when the Senate recesses or adjourns at the close of business on Thursday, June 22, 1989, Friday, June 23, 1989, Saturday, June 24, 1989, Sunday, June 25, 1989, Monday, June 26, 1989, Tuesday, June 27, 1989, Wednesday, June 28, 1989, Thursday, June 29, 1989, Friday, June 30, 1989, or Saturday, July 1, 1989, pursuant to a motion made by the Majority Leader, or his designee, in accordance with this resolution, it stand recessed or adjourned until 8:30 a.m. on Tuesday, July 11, 1989, or until 12 o'clock noon on the second day after Members are notified to reassemble pursuant to section 2 of this resolution, whichever occurs first; and that when the House adjourns on Thursday, June 29, 1989, or Friday, June 30, 1989, pursuant to a motion made by the Majority Leader, or his designee, in accordance with this resolution, it stand adjourned until 12 o'clock noon on Monday, July 10, 1989, or until 12 o'clock noon on the second day after Members are notified to reassemble pursuant to section 2 of this resolution, whichever occurs first.